



Market Insight – Equity

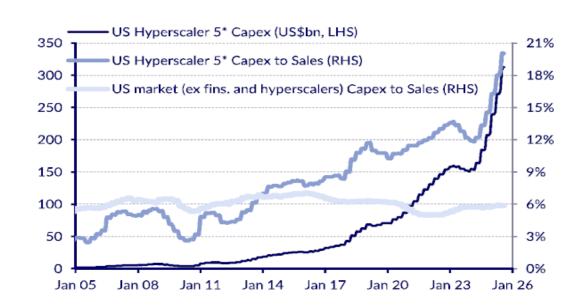
An overview on Equity Markets

October 2025

Al driven growth

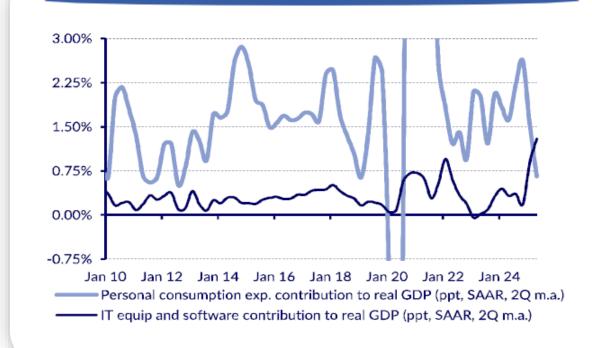


Hyperscalers capex surging rapidly



*Hyperscalers: Amazon, Microsoft, Alphabet, Meta, Oracle

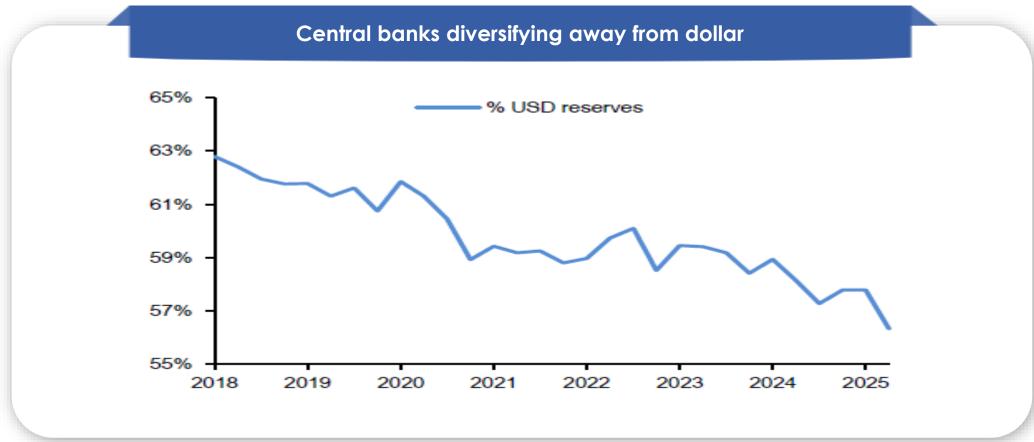
Al > consumption in growth contribution



- US Hyperscalers account for ~25% of total US capex over the past year, with capex-to-sales at ~20% vs 6% for the broader market
- High investment spending has supported GDP growth even as consumption softens
- Top 10 S&P 500 stocks (~40% index weight), which includes most of these hyperscalers, now drive most earnings growth, though cash
 flows face strain from elevated capex

De-dollarisation

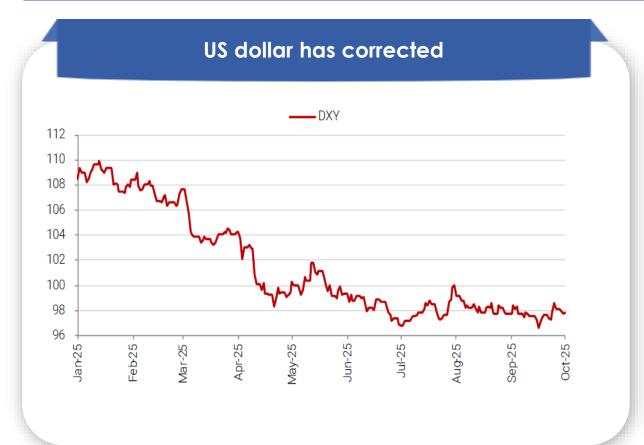


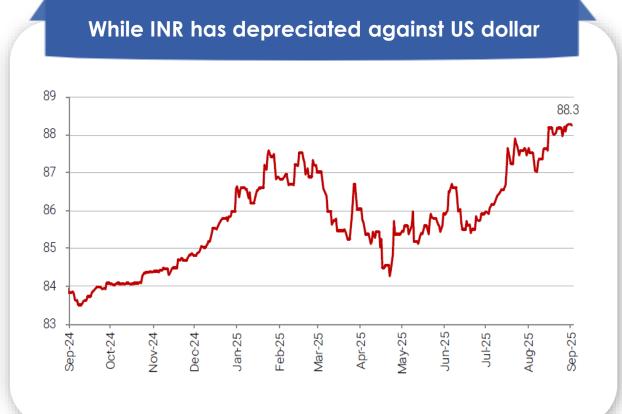


- US fiscal deficit continues to rise steadily (even excluding the Covid period), adding to the government's debt and interest burden
- Meanwhile, central banks are diversifying forex reserves, reducing USD share (\sim 63% \rightarrow \sim 57%) over the past 7 years, with greater allocation to gold and other currencies

Rupee depreciation a solution for foreign flows?



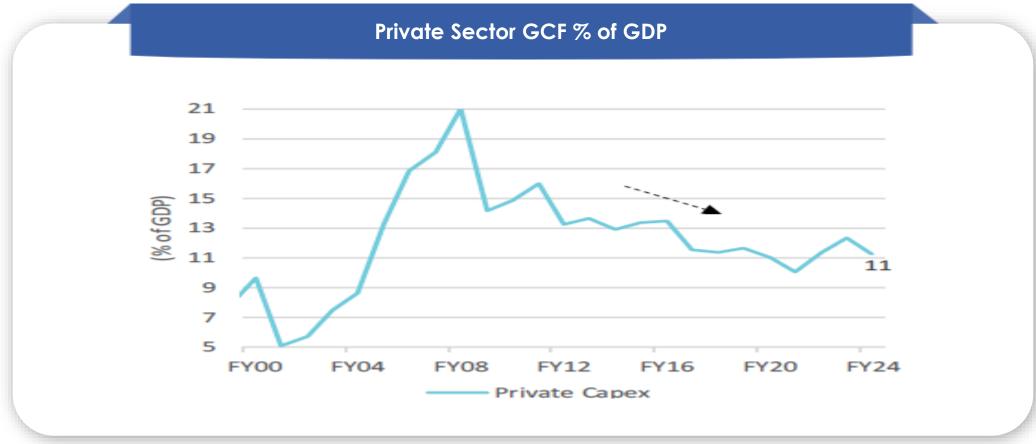




- USD has depreciated ~10% against major currencies like EUR, GBP, and JPY
- While INR, which was among the stronger EM currencies till last year, has weakened against the USD
- For global investors, Indian markets are now better placed after currency, time, and price corrections

Private capex is lower than previous cycle





- Government capex has stayed strong, while private corporate investments remain muted despite better profitability and cash flows
- GST rate cuts may boost consumption in near term, while broader capex recovery hinges on capacity utilization and policy support





Economic Indicators

Economic Indicators and Forecasts



Indicator	FY16	FY17	FY18	FY19	FY20	FY21	FY22	FY23	FY24	FY25	FY26F	FY27F
Economic Activity												
Real GDP (YoY%)	8.0	8.3	6.8	6.5	3.9	-5.8	9.7	7.6	9.2	6.5	6.5	6.5
Gross Fixed Investment (YoY%)	6.5	8.5	7.8	11.2	1.1	-7.1	17.5	8.4	8.8	7.1	7.0	7.1
Industrial Production (YoY%)	3.3	4.6	4.4	3.8	-0.8	-8.4	11.4	5.2	6.0	4.1	4.2	4.9
Price Indices												
CPI (YoY%)	4.9	4.5	3.6	3.4	4.8	6.2	5.5	6.7	5.4	4.6	2.7	4.3
WPI (YoY%)	-3.7	1.7	2.9	4.3	1.7	1.3	13.0	9.4	-0.7	2.3	0.8	3.3
External Balance												
Current Account (% of GDP)	-1.1	-0.7	-1.8	-2.1	-0.9	0.9	-1.2	-2.0	-0.7	-0.6	-1.0	-1.2
Fiscal Balance												
Fiscal Deficit (% of GDP)	-3.9	-3.5	-3.5	-3.4	-4.6	-9.2	-6.7	-6.4	-5.5	-4.8	-4.5	-4.4
Interest Rates												
Central Bank Rate (%)	6.8	6.3	6.0	6.3	4.4	4.0	4.0	6.5	6.5	6.0	5.3	5.4
10-Year Note (%)	7.5	6.7	7.4	7.4	6.1	6.2	6.8	7.3	7.1	6.6	6.3	6.8
Exchange Rates												
USDINR	66.2	64.9	65.2	69.1	75.5	73.1	75.8	82.2	83.4	85.5	87.5	89.0

High Frequency Indicators



		Aug- 24	Sep- 24	Oct- 24	Nov- 24	Dec- 24	Jan- 25	Feb- 25	Mar- 25	Apr- 25	May- 25	Jun- 25	Jul- 25	Aug- 25
Fiscal	Gross tax collection (YoY %)	-15.8	11.9	1.6	10.0	11.1	4.6	19.7	2.8	6.5	19.1	-4.7	-11.7	1.1
	Export (USD bn)	34.6	34.3	39.0	32.0	37.8	36.3	36.8	42.0	38.5	38.7	35.1	37.2	35.1
Foreign Trade	Import (USD bn)	64.3	54.0	63.1	63.9	58.5	59.4	51.0	63.5	64.9	60.6	53.9	64.6	61.6
Toleigh hade	Capital flows (USD bn)	13.9	16.0	-5.1	-1.5	12.6	-0.6	-2.2	16.0	5.1	5.6	10.4	6.9	2.9*
	Forex Reserves (USD bn)	684	705	685	658	640	631	639	665	688	691	703	698	695
	IIP (Index)	145.7	146.9	150.2	148.1	158	161.6	151.1	166.3	151.8	157.6	153.3	156.2	151.7
Industry	Composite PMI (Index)	60.7	58.3	59.1	58.6	59.2	57.7	58.8	59.5	59.7	59.3	61	61.1	63.2
maosny	Cement Production (Index)	176.5	178.8	187.2	177.0	211.7	219.7	215.1	246.2	204.5	209.0	214.7	194.8	188.3
	Steel Production (Index)	206.1	202.0	212.9	212.9	221.8	228.1	216.8	238.9	219.2	225.3	223.8	239.1	235.9
	M3 (YoY, %)	10.2	10.8	11.5	11.4	9.6	9.9	9.9	9.8	9.4	9.3	9.5	9.6	10.1
	Bank Credit (YoY, %)	13.6	13.0	11.5	12.1	11.2	11.4	11.0	11.0	10.3	9.0	9.5	10.0	10.0
Banking	Deposits (YoY, %)	10.8	11.5	11.7	12.0	9.8	10.3	10.3	10.3	10.2	9.9	10.1	10.2	10.2
Danking	Median MCLR (%)	8.9	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.0	9.1	9.0	9.0	9.0	8.9	8.8	8.6
	CP Issuance (INR bn)	4711	3976	4451	4451	4358	4565	4659	4429	5456	5539	5000	5472	5340
	LAF (INR bn, Daily Average)	1509	1009	1500	1386	-685	-2036	-1666	-1275	1398	1711	2738	3043	2837
	Automobile Sales ('000)	2065	2383	2558	1952	1420	1926	1762	2038	1808	2001	1873	1908	2156
Consumer	Fuel Consumption (YoY %)	-3.1	-4.4	4.1	10.6	3.1	2.2	-3.1	-0.9	0.2	0.7	0.5	-3.9	2.6
	Air Traffic (YoY %)	5.7	6.4	8.1	11.9	8.2	11.3	11.1	8.8	8.5	1.9	3.0	-2.9	-1.4
	Electricity production (YoY %)	-3.7	0.5	2.0	4.4	6.2	2.3	3.6	7.5	1.7	-4.7	-1.2	3.7	3.1
Infrastructure	Port volume (YoY, %)	6.7	5.9	-3.4	-5.0	4.0	6.1	6.9	13.3	7.0	4.3	5.6	4.0	2.5
	Rail Freight (YoY, %)	0.0	-5.8	1.5	1.2	2.2	4.4	-0.4	3.8	4.5	5.6	3.4	1.8	5.5

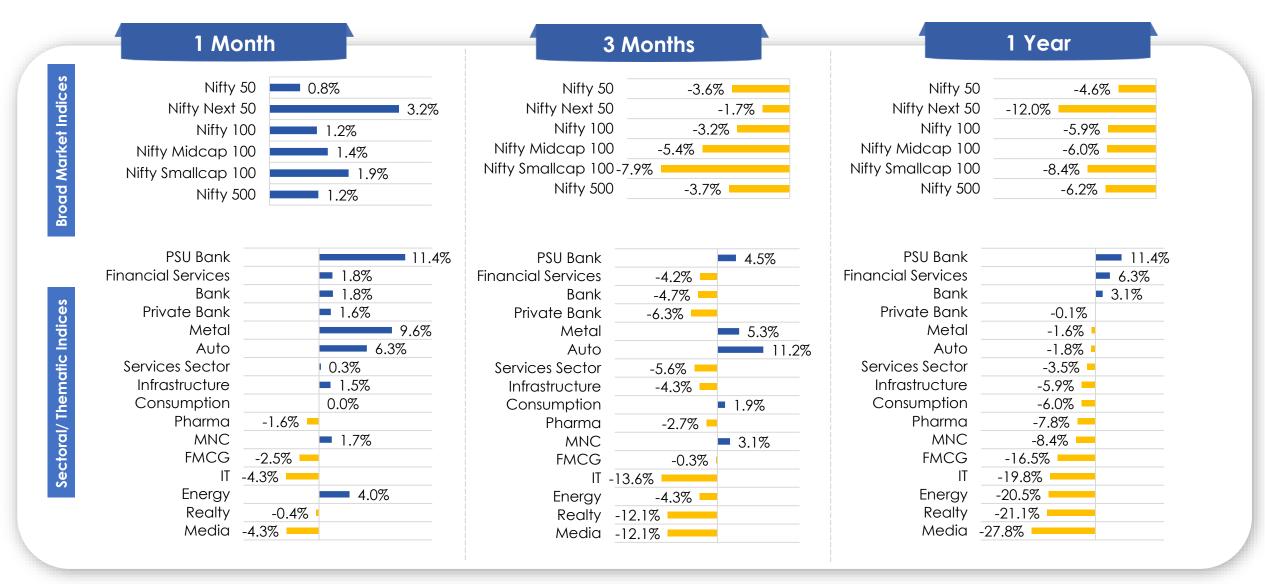




Equity Markets & Valuation

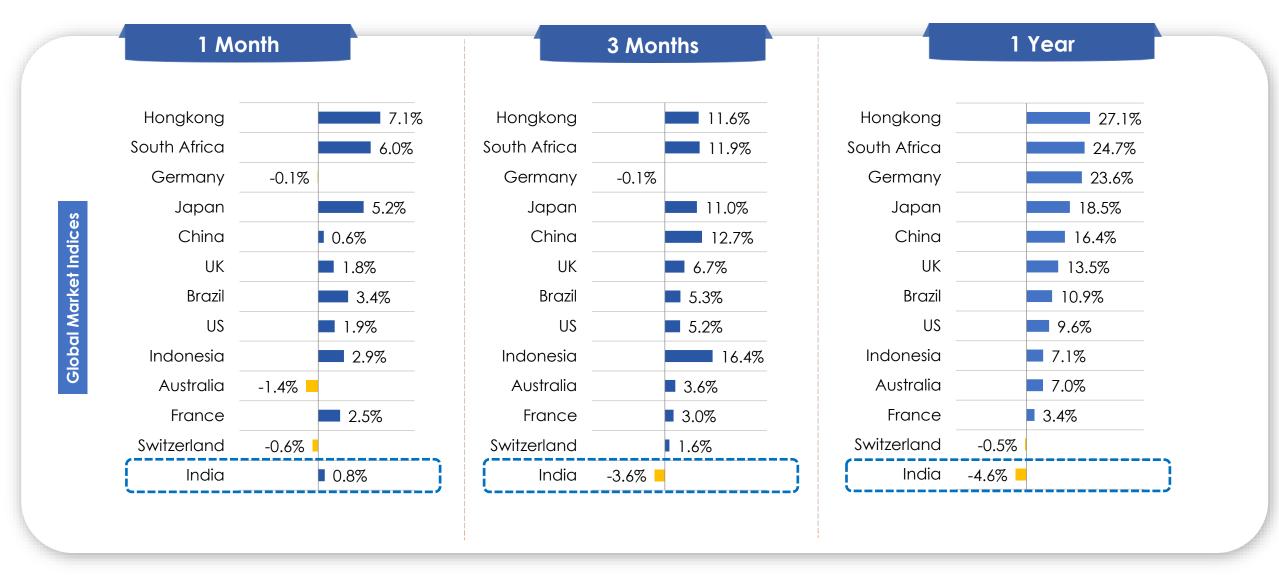
Domestic Sectors Performance





Global Markets Performance





Returns are in absolute (point-to-point). Index representation: Brazil - Brazil Ibovespa Index; France - Cac 40 Index; Germany - Dax Index; US - Dow Jones Indus. Avg; UK - FTSE 100 Index; South Africa - FTSE/JSE Africa All Share; Hongkong - Hang Seng Index; Indonesia - Jakarta Composite Index; India - Nifty 50; Japan - Nikkei 225; Australia - S&P/ASX 200 Index; China - Shanghai Se Composite; Switzerland - Swiss Market Index.

Source: Bloomberg. Data as of 30/Sep/2025

India: A structural growth story



		Average	GDP Growth	Equity Returns in USD	Reference Equity		
SI. No.	Country	25 years 2000-24	Projected for 2025-27	(Aug'00-Aug'25)	Index		
1	India	6.8	6.4	1,553.2	Nifty 500		
2	Indonesia	4.9	4.9	1,535.0	JSX		
3	Australia	2.7	2.1	1,108.3	ASX 100		
4	USA	2.2	1.7	578.7	S&P 500		
5	Saudi Arabia	3.5	3.9	701.1	Tadawul		
6	Singapore	4.8	2.2	411.8	STI		
7	Mexico	1.9	1.3	593.9	Mexico IPC		
8	Vietnam	6.3	6.5	1,199.3	VSE		
9	Germany	1.1	1.0	337.5	DAX 40		
10	Chile	3.4	2.3	361.1	SSE		
11	China	8.2	4.3	266.3	SHCOMP		
12	France	1.3	0.9	228.5	CAC 40		
13	Brazil	2.4	1.9	173.5	BOVESPA		
14	Japan	0.6	0.9	168.4	NKY 225		
15	United Kingdom	1.7	1.3	208.0	FTSE 100		

Reforms: Benefits to households



Benefits from income tax changes

Estimated benefit for fiscal year ending 2026

	FY2026
Estimated number of tax payers (million)	18.0
Average benefit per tax payer (₹ lakhs)	0.55
Overall benefits to tax payers (₹ '000 crores)	97.1

Source: Income tax department, Union budget, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates

Benefits from GST rationalization

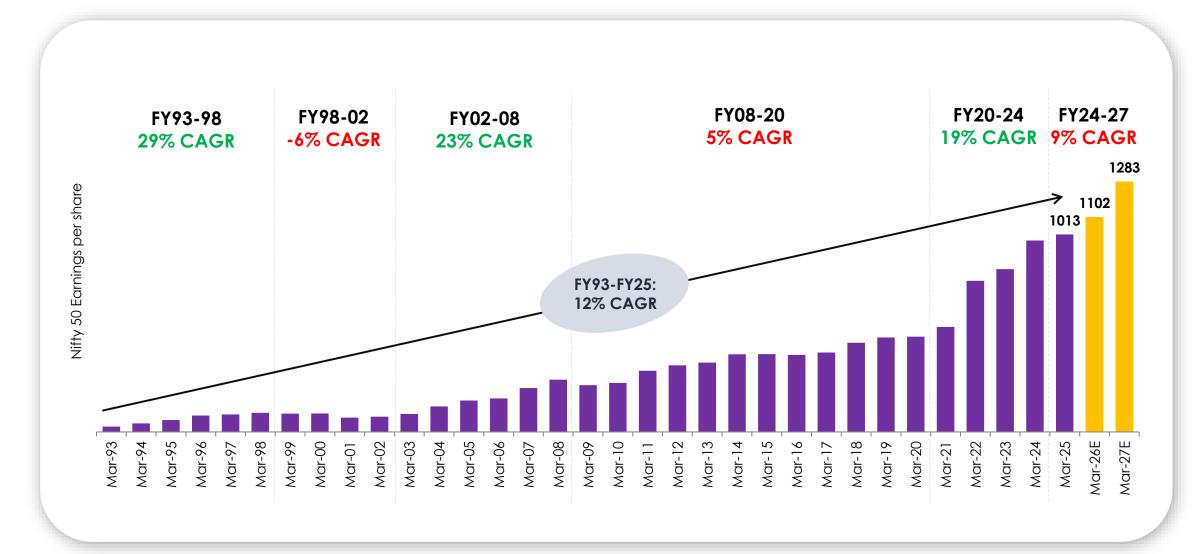
Estimated benefit for fiscal year ending 2027

	FY2027
Benefit from GST rate changes (₹ '000 crores)	48.0
Compensation cess elimination (₹ '000 crores)	141.4
Total benefit for households (₹ '000 crores)	189.4

Source: Ministry of Finance, media reports, Kotak Institutional Equities estimates based on FY2024

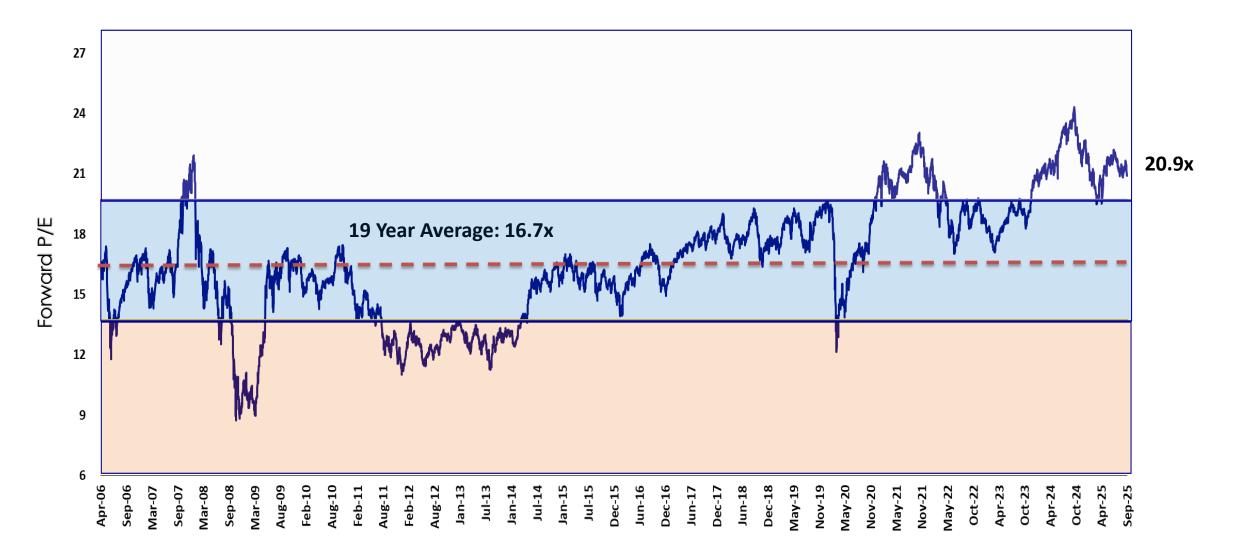
Earnings Trend





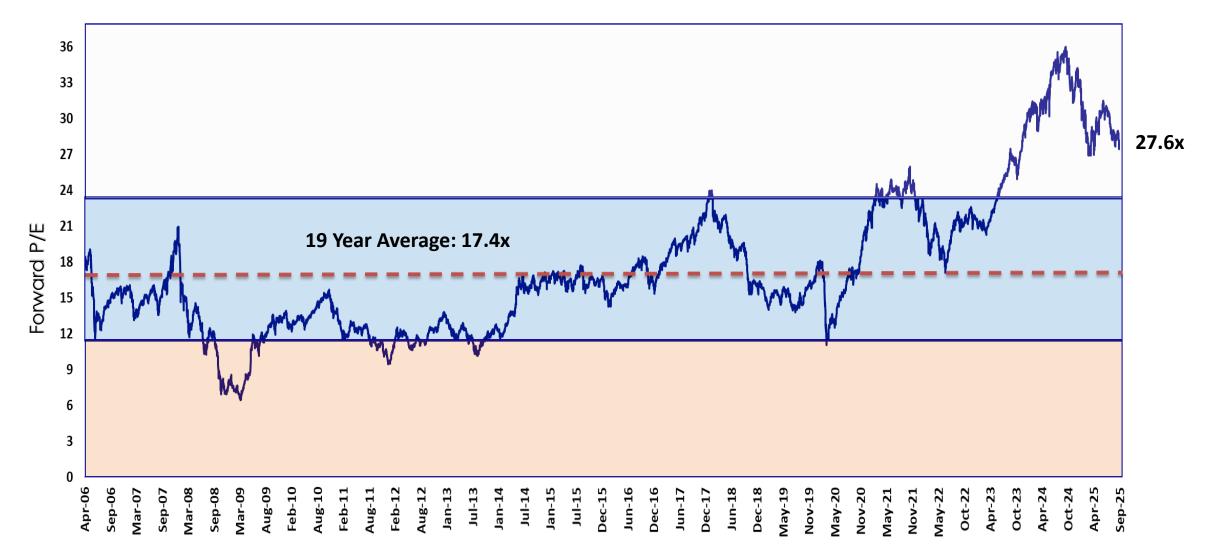
Valuation – BSE 100 Forward P/E (Rolling 1 year forward)





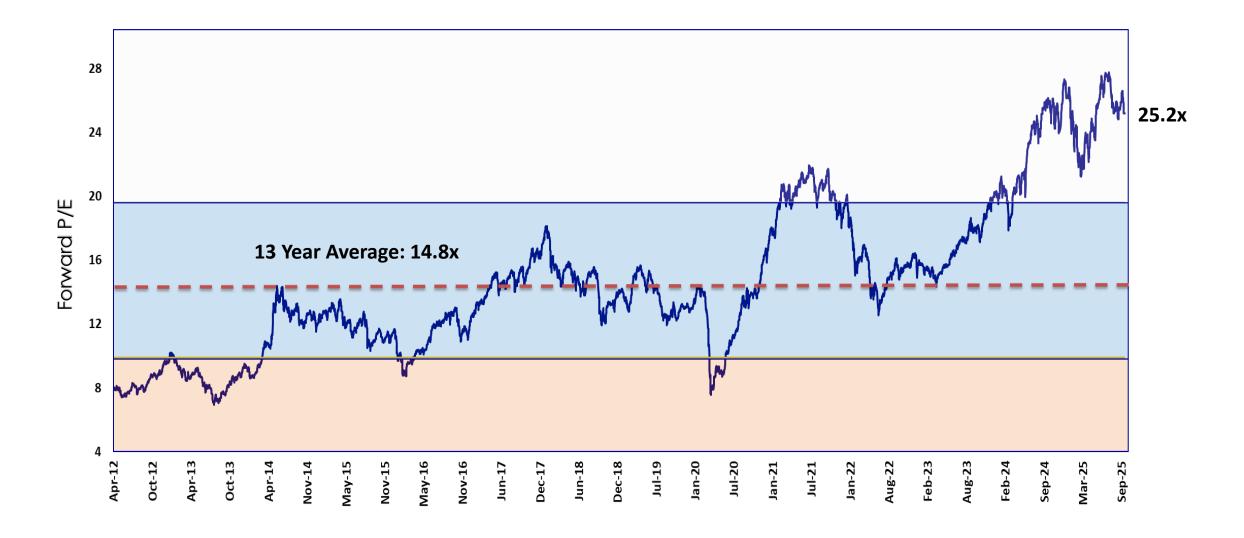
Valuation – Nifty Midcap 100 Forward P/E (Rolling 1 year forward)





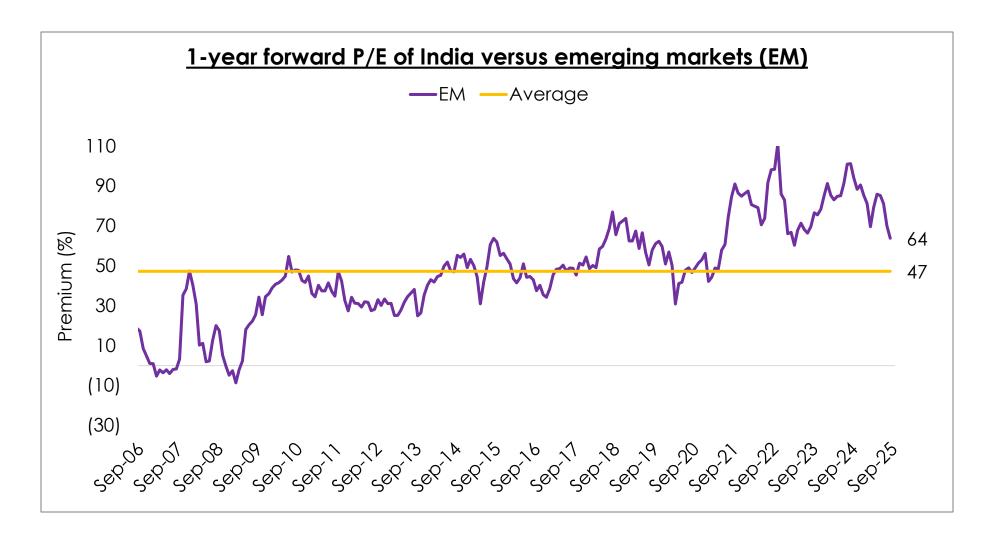
Valuation – Nifty Smallcap 100 Forward P/E (Rolling 1 year forward)





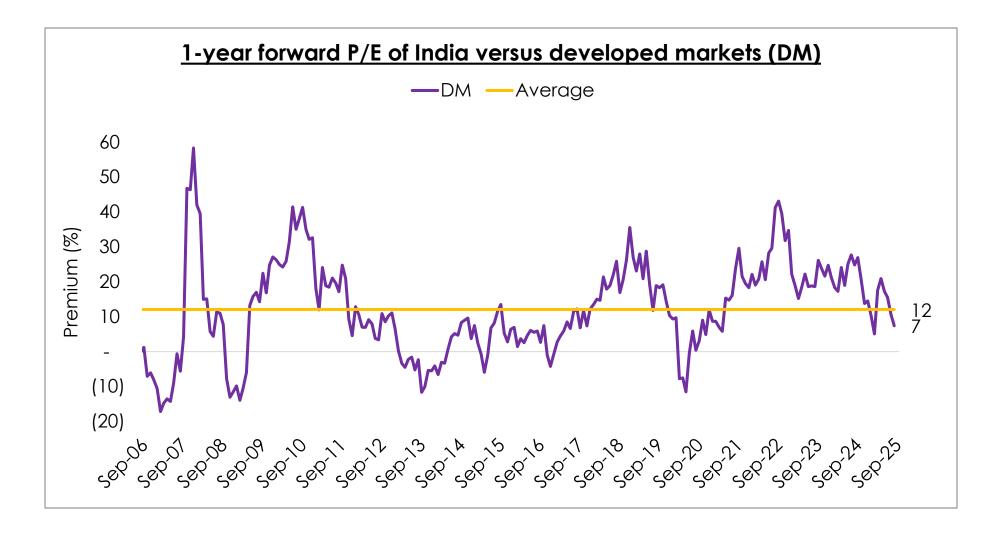
India valuation continues to be stretched on relative basis





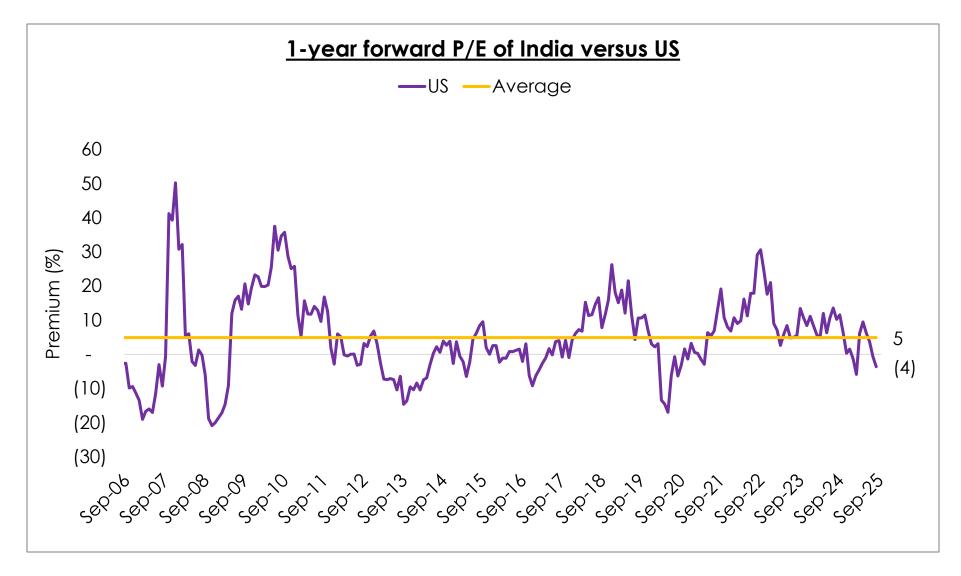
India valuation is now better relatively as compared to DMs





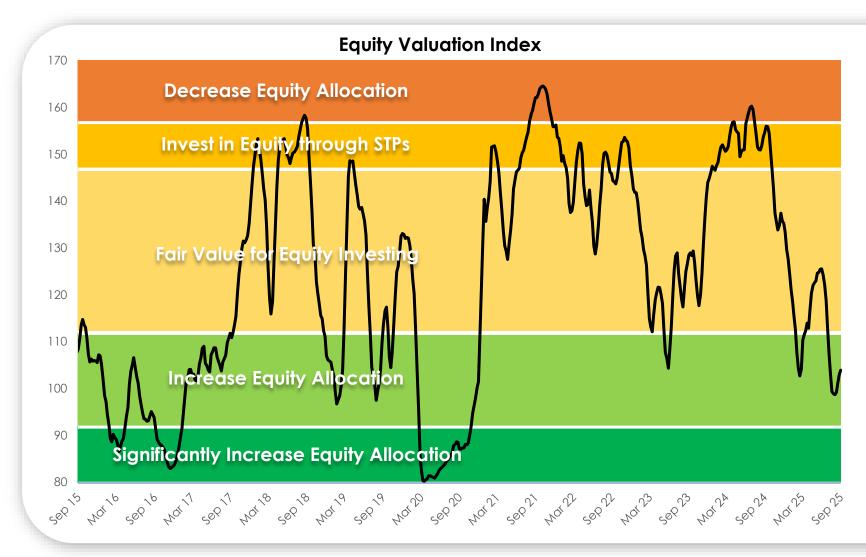
India valuation is now better relatively as compared to the US





Equity allocation framework for investors



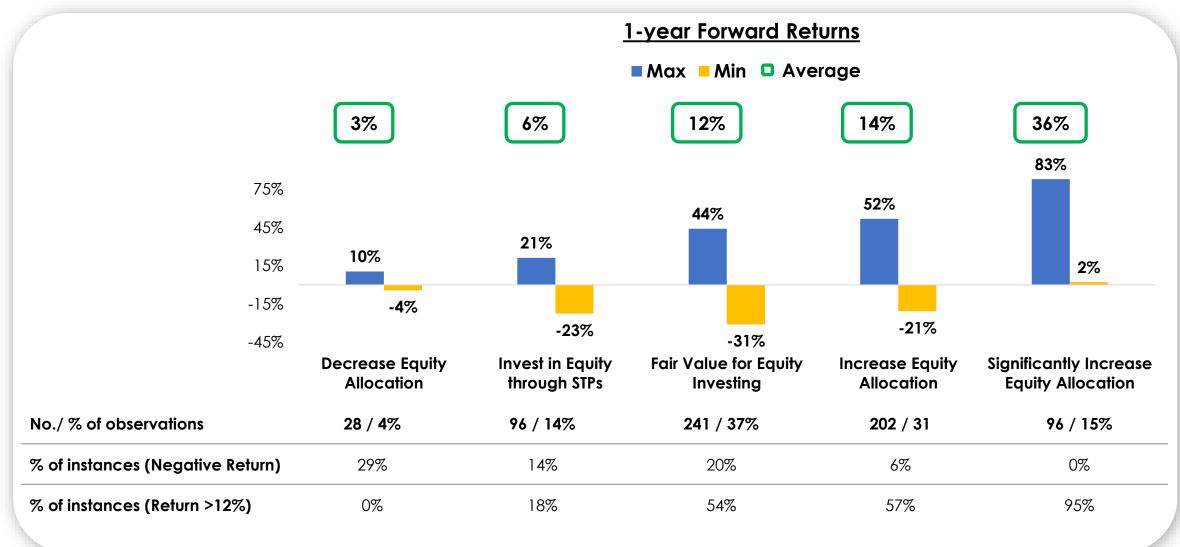


TAKEAWAYS

- Equity Valuation Index is a guidance for lumpsum allocations into the equity schemes
- Currently index is in "Increase equity allocation" zone, which suggests investors can consider increasing their equity allocations in a staggered manner.
- This valuation framework is generic, and investors should consult with their financial advisers for suitability relative to their financial goals

Equity Valuation Index: Forward returns





Key take away



- Markets awaiting a settlement of trade negotiation with US
- MPC left rates unchanged in current policy, room for data dependent rate cuts remain as inflation continues to be soft
- Initial reports suggest GST cuts have benefitted in festive sales; sustenance of same in subsequent quarters key monitorable
- 2QFY26 results expected to show similar single digit growth like last few quarters; however, likely acceleration going forward led by consumption pick-up
- RBI measures of rate cuts liquidity easing, lending deregulation to help credit growth accelerate from current ~10% levels
- The sharp gold rally could have a positive wealth-effect as gold ownership is widespread in the country
- Our in-house equity valuation index (based on Nifty-50 Index) has turned to "Increase equity allocation" recently
- Asset allocation and risk management should be the focus for investors in the current environment
- Hybrid Funds such Balanced Advantage, Multi Asset Allocation, Aggressive Hybrid Fund, Equity Savings Fund can be considered for lump-sum investments
- After 4 years of value style outperformance, trend reversal in favour of 'quality-growth style' over 'value' is now visible
- Investors should adopt a staggered approach towards equities the bias is toward Large caps based on relative valuations

Disclaimer



REGISTERED OFFICE: UTI Tower, 'GN' Block, Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (E), Mumbai - 400051. Phone: 022 6678 6666. UTI Asset Management Company Ltd (Investment Manager for UTI Mutual Fund) Email: invest@uti.co.in. (CIN-L65991MH2002PLC137867). For more information, please contact the nearest UTI Financial Centre or your AMFI/NISM certified Mutual Fund Distributor (MFD) for a copy of the Statement of Additional Information, Scheme Information Document and Key Information Memorandum cum Application Form.

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